

Pharma Ltd.



(WHO - GMP CERTIFIED - GOVT RECOGNISED EXPORT HOUSE)

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1.5.2 Container Labelling

LEAFLET:

PYRIDOXINE TABLETS BP 100 mg

Composition: Each uncoated tablet contains:

Pyridoxine Hydrochloride BP 100 mg

Excipients .

Clinical Pharmacology:
Pyridoxine is indicated for adults and children over 12 years old in
the treatment of isoniazid-induced peripheral neurilis and pyridoxine deficiency states.

Pharmacodynamic properties
Pyridoxine is one of three similar compounds that may be referred to as Vitamin B6. The other two compounds are pyridoxal and pyridoxamine. Pyridoxine, converted to pyridoxal phosphate, is a co-enzyme for transamination and is involved in many metabolic processes.

Pharmacokinetic properties
Pyridoxine is readily absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract following oral administration and is converted to the active forms of pyridoxal phosphate and pyridoxamine phosphate, which are stored in the liver. The principal excretory product is 4-pyridoxic acid, which is formed by the action of hepatic aldehyde oxidase on free pyridoxal. Pyridoxine crosses the placenta and also appears in breast milk.

Indications & Dosage: Deficiency states

BY MOUTH

▶ Adult: 20-50 mg 1-3 times a day

Isoniazid-induced neuropathy (prophylaxis)

▶ Adult: 10-20 mg daily

Isoniazid-induced neuropathy (treatment)

▶ Adult: 50 mg 3 times a day

Idiopathic sideroblastic anaemia

▶ Adult: 100-400 mg daily in divided doses

Prevention of penicillamine-induced neuropathy in

Wilson's disease

▶ BY MOUTH▶ Adult: 20 mg daily

Premenstrual syndrome

▶ BY MOUTH

▶ Adult: 50-100 mg daily

Warnings and precautions:

If symptoms persist or worsen, seek medical advice. Do not exceed the stated dose.

 PREGNANCY: There are no or limited amount of data from the use of pyridoxine in pregnant women. Studies in animals have shown reproductive toxicity. Pyridoxine is not recommended during the first trimester of pregnancy.

• BREASTFEEDING: There is insufficient information on the

excretion of pyridoxine in human milk. A risk to the breastfed child cannot be excluded.

Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Pyridoxine antagonizes the therapeutic effect of levodopa when it is used without a dopa-decarboxylase inhibitor.
 Larger doses of pyridoxine can cause a reduction in serum phenytoin and phenobarbitone levels in some patients.
 Pyridoxine requirements have been reported to be increased by oral contraceptives, hydralazine, isoniazid, cycloserine and penicillamine.

Side Effects & Adverse Drug reaction:

None at recommended dosages. Large daily doses taken over a prolonged period can cause the development of severe peripheral neuropathy.

Storage:

Store under normal storage condition (15°C to 30°C)

Protect from light.
Keep all Medicines out of reach of children.

Presentation:

Blister Pack of 10 x 10 Tablets

Jar Pack of 1000 Tablets Jar Pack of 100 Tablets

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